FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	12
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	13
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	14
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	15
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	16
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	17
STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - SELF-INSURANCE FUND	19
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - SELF-INSURANCE FUND	20
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - SELF-INSURANCE FUND	21
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS	22
STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - TRUST FUND	23
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	24

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

CONTENTS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE	53
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OTHER POSTEMPLOYMEN BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY	T 54
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY	55
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS	57
NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	59
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS	60
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS	61
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS	62
ORGANIZATION	63
SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE	64
SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME	65
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS	66
RECONCILIATION OF UNAUDITED ACTUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS - (UNAUDITED)	68
SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS	69
NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	70

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	71
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	74
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE	76
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:	
SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	78
STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	82



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District Mountain View, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* on pages 4 to 11, the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the District's Contributions on pages 53 to 58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditure of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditure of federal awards and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, except for the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, except for the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2019 on our consideration of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 9, 2019

This management's discussion and analysis of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's (MVLA) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights (in thousands) for 2018-2019 are as follows:

- Total net position is \$4,685 which represents an increase of \$5,551 change from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019.
- ➤ Property taxes accounted for \$98,628 (General Fund \$77,573 and Debt Service Fund \$21,055) which is 77% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of operating grants, state aid, contributions, and charges for services accounted for \$30204 or 23% of the total revenues of \$128,832.
- ➤ The District had \$123,281 in total expenses of which direct instructional services and pupil services were 79% of that total expenditure.
- Total capital assets in the governmental activities funds increased by \$3,505 or 3.4% from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019.

Using the Audited Financial Statements

These audited financial statements consist of basic financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, supplementary information, and required supplementary information. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities comprise the District-wide financial statements and provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High District, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements are a product of three separate parts: the basic financial statements, supplementary information, and this section, Management's Discussion and Analysis. The three sections together provide a comprehensive financial overview of the District. The basic financials are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives, District-wide and funds.

- ➤ District-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position.
- ➤ Individual parts of the District, which are reported as fund financial statements, focus on reporting the District's operations in more detail. These fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
- Notes to the financials, which are included in the financial statements, provide more detailed data and explain some of the information in the statements. The required supplementary information section provides further explanations and provides additional support for the financial statements.

District-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during the fiscal year 2018-2019?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting practices used by most private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in California restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities. The District does not have any business-type activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. These fund financial statements focus on each of the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Building Fund, Capital Facilities Fund, and Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 2019 compared to June 2018.

Table 1
District Combined Net Position
Governmental Activities
(In Thousands)

Table 1: District	Net F	Position Govern	mental A	Activity (in Thou	sands)	
		18-19		17-18		Variance
Current and Other						
Assets	\$	158,737	\$	41,983	\$	116,754
Capital Assets	\$	105,388	\$	101,883	\$	3,505
Total Assets	\$	264,125	\$	143,866	\$	120,259
Deferred Outflows	\$	29,667	\$	31,104	\$	(1,437)
					\$	-
Current Liabilities	\$	30,033	\$	10,669	\$	19,364
Long-term Debt	\$	254,451	\$	160,565	\$	93,886
Total Liabilities	\$	284,484	\$	171,234	\$	113,250
					\$	
Deferred inflows of Resources	\$	4,624	\$	4,602	\$	22
					\$	
Capital Assets, Net of Debt	\$	46,177	\$	51,853	\$	(5,676)
Restricted	\$	35,777	\$	14,729	\$	21,048
Unrestricted	\$	(77,269)	\$	(67,448)	\$	(9,821)
Net Position	\$	4,685	\$	(866)	\$	5,551

Table 2 shows the changes in governmental activities for fiscal years 2017-2018 and 2018-2019.

Table 2
Changes in Governmental Activities
(In Thousands)

	Table 2: Changes in govern	mental Activity	(In Thousands)	
Revenue:		18-19	17-18	Variance
General	Federal & State Aid Unrestricted	\$ 5,434	\$ 5,170	\$ 264
	Taxes & Subventions	\$ 98,628	\$ 78,025	\$ 20,603
	Other	\$ 6,299	\$ 7,064	\$ (765)
Program	Charges for Services	\$ 704	\$ 796	\$ (92)
	Operating Grants & Contributions	\$ 17,767	\$ 13,107	\$ 4,660
	Total Revenue	\$ 128,832	\$ 104,162	\$ 24,670
Expenses	Instructional	\$ 87,392	\$ 80,711	\$ 6,681
	Pupil Services	\$ 9,886	\$ 9,095	\$ 791
	General Administration	\$ 8,289	\$ 7,071	\$ 1,218
	Plant Services	\$ 7,501	\$ 6,610	\$ 891
	Other	\$ 10,213	\$ 6,036	\$ 4,177
	Total Expenses	\$ 123,281	\$ 109,523	\$ 13,758
Increase (De	ecrease) in Net Position	\$ 5,551	\$ (5,361)	\$ 10,912

Property taxes made up 77% of revenues for governmental activities for the Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District for fiscal year 2018-2019.

Direct Instruction Costs comprise 79% of District expenses. Direct Instruction expenses include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and pupil.

Pupil Services and Instruction-related Services include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching pupils.

General Administration includes the costs for the Board of Trustees, administration, fiscal and business services, and other expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the District.

Plant Services includes the operation and maintenance of plant activities which involve keeping the school grounds, buildings, and equipment in an effective working condition.

Ancillary Services includes the operation of non-instructional services such as food service operations as well as costs related to interest on long-term debt and other financing costs

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds report a combined fund balance of \$153,342 which is an increase of 114,055 from last year's total of \$39,288. Table 3 provides an analysis of the District's fund balances and the total change in fund balances from the prior year.

Table 3 Fund Balances (In Thousands)

Table 3: Fund Balances (In Thousands)								
		18-19		17-18		Variance		
General	\$	20,680	\$	22,433	\$	(1,752)		
Building	\$	98,560	\$	4,318	\$	94,242		
Capital Facilities	\$	3,682	\$	2,894	\$	788		
Bond Interest & Redemption	\$	25,619	\$	4,867	\$	25,752		
Other Governmental Funds	\$	4,799	\$	4,774	\$	25		
Total	\$	\$ 153,342		\$ 39,288		\$ 114,055		

In 2018-2019, the General Fund balance decreased by (\$1,752). This decrease is largely attributed to our one time increased expenditure in services.

The Building Fund balance increased as a result of the sale of \$100 in bond sales from the District's Measure E funds.

The Capital Facilities Fund balance increased due to contributions from the District's Building Fund.

The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund balance increased due to property tax revenues received in anticipation of debt service requirements on the District's Measure E Bonds.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to California law and is based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the course of the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the District revised its General Fund budget twice: once in December based on October 31, 2018, data, and a second time in March based on January 31, 2019 data.

The District settled with both bargaining unit associations for fiscal year 2018-2019. The District negotiated a 2.0% salary increase on schedule and a 2.85% increase off schedule. Secured property taxes grew and overall tax revenues experienced 7% growth excluding RDA Revenue.

Finally, it should be noted that the District maintains a 3% reserve for economic uncertainties, and maintains all facilities in excellent condition.

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year 2018-2019, the District had \$105,389 invested in land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and vehicles.

Table 4 shows June 2019 balances compared to June 2018.

Table 4
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) at June 30, 2019
(In Thousands)

	18-19	17-18	Variance
	4 4 0 = 0	A 40=0	
Land	\$ 1,978	\$ 1,978	
Site Improvements	\$ 32,578	\$ 32,286	\$ 292
Building	\$ 122,559	\$ 122,465	\$ 94
Equipment	\$ 2,660	\$ 2,574	\$ 86
Work in Progress	\$ 9,761	\$ 965	\$ 8,796
Accumulated Depreciation	\$ (64,147)	\$ (58,384)	\$ (5,763)
Total	\$ 105,389	\$ 101,884	\$ 3,505

Overall capital assets increased \$3,505 from fiscal year 2018-2019 to fiscal year 2019-2020 due to the ongoing projects taking place on both the Mountain View High School and Los Altos High School campuses.

Long-Term Debt

The notes to Basic Financial Statements, number 5, shows the outstanding indebtedness of the District. Note number 5 also highlights the additions and deletions that have transpired during the year.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

As a Basic Aid District, property tax revenue and enrollment growth have the greatest impact on the financial health of the District. Secured property tax growth is forecasted for year 2019-2020 to be 7%, which reflects the extremely positive residential and commercial asset valuations that are within the District's boundaries as well as Santa Clara County-wide. At this point we are forecasting 6% growth in 2020-2021 and 5% in 2021-2022. Unsecured property taxes are conservatively forecasted at 0% growth. The Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) is the funding model for education in California. The local control funding formula was incorporated into the state budget but does not add or reduce revenue we are currently receiving from the state. The MVLA Education Foundation continues to support our students' education with their pledge of \$1.94 million. We continue to receive \$1.8 million in revenue related to our District's Shoreline property JPA.

Measure "E"

In June of 2018, MVLA passed a new \$295 million bond measure (Measure "E"). The first \$100 million of authorized bonds were issued in August of 2018. The District is actively working on the much needed expansion of all our sites in order to provide the needed classroom space to house our projected enrollment growth.

GASB 75

In June 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). GASB Statement No. 75 requires governments to report the full liability associated with postretirement health care benefits on the face of the financial statements for the OPEB that they provide. As of June 30, 2019, the District has set aside \$4,906,556 in a special reserve fund for post-employment benefits to help cover the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Mike Mathiesen, Associate Superintendent, Business Services, Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District, 1299 Bryant Ave., Mountain View, CA, 94040.



MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	C	Sovernmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and investments (Note 2) Receivables Prepaid expenses Stores inventory Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 4) Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	\$	155,303,816 2,934,238 490,219 8,399 11,739,343 93,649,319
Total assets		264,125,334
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (Notes 8 and 9) Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB (Note 6) Deferred loss from advance refunding of debt	_	29,394,629 18,107 254,730
Total deferred outflows		29,667,466
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities (Note 5): Due within one year Due after one year		9,503,783 109,586 20,420,000 254,450,489
Total liabilities	_	284,483,858
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (Notes 8 and 9)	_	4,624,000
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Legally restricted programs Capital projects Debt service Unrestricted	_	46,176,745 5,648,516 4,509,701 25,619,047 (77,269,067)
Total net position	\$	4,684,942

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Program Rev Operatin Grants ar Contribution	g nd	Capital Grants and Contributions	R <u>!</u>	et (Expense) evenues and Changes in Net Position eovernmental Activities
Governmental activities:								
Instruction	\$	72,422,296	\$ 18,518	\$ 9,288	3,658	\$ -	\$	(63,115,120)
Instruction-related services:								,
Supervision of instruction		3,997,582	2,778	1,418	3,905	-		(2,575,899)
Instructional library, media and								
technology		1,682,117	-	75	5,452	-		(1,606,665)
School site administration		9,289,456	450	2,055	5,833	-		(7,233,173)
Pupil services:								,
Home-to-school transportation		1,084,827	-	_		-		(1,084,827)
Food services		1,475,179	494,260	292	2,876	-		(688,043)
All other pupil services		7,326,423	4,384	1,040		-		(6,281,983)
General administration:		, ,	,	,	•			, , , ,
Data processing		2,200,143	_	79	9,432	-		(2,120,711)
All other general administration		6,088,455	179		,571	_		(5,780,705)
Plant services		7,500,581	1.760		3,945	-		(6,854,876)
Ancillary services		2,252,323	53		7,400	_		(2,174,870)
Interest on long-term liabilities		7,626,815			,	_		(7,626,815)
Other outgo		334,155	181,690	2,486	3 422	_		2,333,957
Caron Cargo		001,100	101,000	2,100	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>			2,000,001
Total governmental activities	\$	123,280,352	\$ 704,072	\$ 17,766	6,550 S	\$ -	_	(104,809,730)
General revenues: Taxes and subventions: Taxes levied for general purposes Taxes levied for debt service Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes Interest and investment earnings Interagency revenue Miscellaneous								77,572,726 21,055,179 5,434,413 501,173 3,171,197 2,626,359
			Total general reve	enues				110,361,047
			Change in net po	sition				5,551,317
			Net position, July	1, 2018				(866,375)
			Net position, June	e 30, 2019			\$	4,684,942

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

ASSETS	General <u>Fund</u>	Building <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and investments: Cash in County Treasury Cash awaiting deposit Cash on hand and in banks Revolving cash fund Receivables Due from Grantor Government Prepaid expenditures Due from other funds Stores inventory	\$ 21,804,561 5,108 10,000 13,700 1,456,249 93,152 490,219 252,620	\$ 98,257,260 - - - 557,665 - - -	\$ 4,330,955 - - 15,804 -	\$ 25,518,319 - - - 100,728 - - - -	\$ 4,505,441 897 27,424 500 706,456 - - 1,096 8,399	\$ 154,416,536 6,005 37,424 14,200 2,836,902 93,152 490,219 253,716 8,399
Total assets	\$ 24,125,609	\$ 98,814,925	\$ 4,346,759	\$ 25,619,047	\$ 5,250,213	<u>\$ 158,156,553</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds	\$ 3,335,684 108,261 1,096	\$ 254,621 - -	\$ 664,459 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 196,329 1,325 252,620	\$ 4,451,093 109,586 253,716
Total liabilities	<u>3,445,041</u>	254,621	664,459	-	450,274	4,814,395
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	503,919 837,989 16,321,833 3,016,827	98,560,304	3,682,300	25,619,047 - -	8,899 4,791,040 - -	512,818 133,490,680 16,321,833 3,016,827
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>20,680,568</u> \$ 24,125,609	98,560,304 \$ 98,814,925	3,682,300 \$ 4,346,759	<u>25,619,047</u> <u>\$ 25,619,047</u>	<u>4,799,939</u> <u>\$ 5,250,213</u>	153,342,158 \$ 158,156,553

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 153,342,158
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$169,535,604 and the accumulated depreciation is \$64,146,942 (Note 4).		105,388,662
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2019 consisted of (Note 5): General Obligation Bonds Accreted interest Unamortized premiums Certificates of Participation Other postemployment benefits (Note 6) Net pension liability (Note 8 and 9) Compensated absences	\$ (148,973,967) (22,787,486) (7,343,984) (1,745,000) (3,371,444) (90,424,000) (224,608)	
		(274,870,489)
In the governmental funds, losses on refundings of debt are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, they are categorized as deferred outflows and amortized over the life of the debt.		254,730
In the governmental funds, interest on long-term liabilities is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred.		(4,984,884)
In the governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported (Note 8 and 9).		
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions	\$ 29,394,629 (4,624,000)	24,770,629
In the governmental funds, deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they apply to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported (Note 6).		18,107
Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities or which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost recovery basis. Net position for the Self-Insurance Fund is:		<u>766,029</u>
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 4,684,942
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MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General <u>Fund</u>	Building <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues: Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF): State apportionment Local sources	\$ 3,823,748 	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ 3,823,748
Total LCFF	81,255,982	-	-	-	-	81,255,982
Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	1,363,174 9,031,274 6,900,310	- - 1,693,713	- - 948,675	- 50,698 <u>21,236,965</u>	453,399 3,916,595 1,653,862	1,816,573 12,998,567 32,433,525
Total revenues	98,550,740	1,693,713	948,675	21,287,663	6,023,856	128,504,647
Expenditures: Current: Certificated salaries Classified salaries Employee benefits Books and supplies Contract services and operating expenditures Other outgo Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest Total expenditures (Deficiency) excess of revenues	42,519,798 13,754,660 27,295,681 2,844,327 11,170,574 34,155 2,571,465	- - 139,984 626,554 - 6,045,315 - - - 6,811,853	- - - - 320,833 651,262 100,000 53,670 1,125,765	- - - - - - 3,269,408 4,043,871 7,313,279	2,012,244 1,406,894 1,524,086 644,527 523,114 - - - - 6,110,865	44,532,042 15,161,554 28,819,767 3,628,838 12,641,075 34,155 9,268,042 3,369,408 4,097,541 121,552,422
(under) over expenditures Other financing (uses) sources: Proceeds from the issuance of General Obligation bonds Debt issuance premiums Transfers in Transfers out	(1,639,920)	(5,118,140) 100,000,000 325,000 - (964,794)	(177,090) 964,794	- 6,777,293 - -	(87,009) 318,618 (206,238)	100,000,000 7,102,293 1,489,650 (1,489,650)
Total other financing (uses) sources	(112,380)	99,360,206	964,794	6,777,293	112,380	107,102,293
Net change in fund balances	(1,752,300)	94,242,066	787,704	20,751,677	25,371	114,054,518
Fund balances, July 1, 2018	22,432,868	4,318,238	2,894,596	4,867,370	4,774,568	39,287,640
Fund balances, June 30, 2019	\$ 20,680,568	\$ 98,560,304	\$ 3,682,300	\$ 25,619,047	\$ 4,799,939	\$ 153,342,158

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 114,054,518
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Acquisition of capital assets is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but increases capital assets in the statement of net position (Note 4).	9,268,043
Depreciation of capital assets is an expense that is not recorded in the governmental funds (Note 4).	(5,762,554)
In the governmental funds, proceeds from the issuance of long- term liabilities are recognized as other financing sources, but in the Statement of Net Position, these are increases to long- term liabilities (Note 5).	(100,000,000)
Repayment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but decreases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (Note 5).	3,369,408
Accreted interest is an expense that is not recognized in the governmental funds (Note 5).	(858,400)
In the governmental funds, debt premiums are recognized as other financing sources. In the statement of activities, debt issued at a premium is amortized as interest over the life of the related debt (Note 5).	(6,743,832)
In the governmental funds, OPEB expense is recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expense is recognized on the accrual basis.	(203,859)
In the governmental funds, expenditures related to compensated absences are measured by the amount of financial resources used. In the statement of activities, expenses are measured by the amounts earned during the	
year (Note 5).	(3,127)
In the governmental funds, interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred.	(2,944,424)
In the governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension	
costs and actual employer contributions was:	(4,695,250)

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

In the governmental funds, losses on debt refundings are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, they are categorized as deferred outflows and are amortized over the life of the debt.

(84,909)

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities or which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Change in net position for the Self-Insurance Fund is:

155,703

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 5,551,317

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND June 30, 2019

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ASSETS	
Current assets: Cash in County Treasury Cash with Fiscal Agent Receivables	\$ 781,126 48,525 4,184
Total current assets	833,835
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	67,806
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	<u>\$ 766,029</u>

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Operating revenues: Self-insurance premiums	\$ 887,326
Operating expenses: Employee benefits Professional consulting and services	677,868 65,776
Total operating expenses	743,644
Operating income	143,682
Non-operating income: Interest income	 12,021
Change in net position	155,703
Net position, July 1, 2018	 610,326
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$ 766,029

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from self-insurance premiums Cash paid for employee benefits Cash paid for professional consulting and services	\$ 885,334 (677,868) (58,531)
Net cash provided by operating activities	148,935
Cash flows provided by investing activities: Interest received	 12,021
Change in cash in County Treasury	160,956
Cash in County Treasury, July 1, 2018	 620,170
Cash in County Treasury, June 30, 2019	\$ 781,126
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 143,682
Increase in receivables Increase in accounts payable	 (1,992) 7,245
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 148,935

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2019

	<u>Trust Fund</u> Scholarship <u>Fund</u>	<u>Agency Fund</u> Student <u>Body Fund</u>
ASSETS		
Cash on hand and in banks (Note 2)	<u>\$ 16,733</u>	<u>\$ 1,464,787</u>
LIABILITIES		
Due to student groups	-	<u>\$ 1,464,787</u>
NET POSITION		
Restricted	<u>\$ 16,733</u>	

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION TRUST FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	So	cholarship <u>Fund</u>
Net position, July 1, 2018	\$	16,733
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$	16,733

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity: The Board of Trustees is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public school education in the Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District. The Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board since Board members have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District and Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District Financing Corporation (the "Corporation") have a financial and operational relationship which meet the reporting entity definition criteria of Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, for inclusion of the Corporation as a blended component unit of the District. Therefore, the financial activities of the Corporation have been included in the financial statements of the District.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District and the Corporation which satisfy Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, as amended by criteria:

A - Manifestations of Oversight

- 1. The Corporation's Board of Directors were appointed by the District's Board of Trustees.
- 2. The Corporation has no employees. The District's Superintendent and Associate Superintendent function as agents of the Corporation. Neither individual received additional compensation for work performed in this capacity.
- 3. The District exercises significant influence over operations of the Corporation as it is anticipated that the District will be the sole lessee of all facilities owned by the Corporation.

B - Accounting for Fiscal Matters

- 1. All major financing arrangements, contracts, and other transactions of the Corporation must have the consent of the District.
- 2. Any deficits incurred by the Corporation will be reflected in the lease payments of the District. Any surpluses of the Corporation revert to the District at the end of the lease period.
- 3. It is anticipated that the District's lease payments will be the sole revenue source of the Corporation.
- 4. The District has assumed a "moral obligation," and potentially a legal obligation, for any debt incurred by the Corporation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- C Scope of Public Service and Financial Presentation
- 1. The Corporation was created for the sole purpose of financially assisting the District.
- 2. The Corporation is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of California and recorded by the Secretary of State. The Corporation was formed to provide financing assistance to the District for construction and acquisition of major capital facilities. Upon completion the District intends to occupy all Corporation facilities. When the Corporation's Certificates of Participation have been paid with state reimbursements and the District's developer fees, title of all Corporation property will pass to the District for no additional consideration.
- 3. The Corporation's financial activity is included in the basic financial statements in the Adult Education and Capital Facilities Funds. Certificates of Participation issued by the Corporation are included in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Financial Statements</u>: The basic financial statements include a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations, financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities, including infrastructure, and a focus on the major funds.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements</u>: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Section (GASB Cod. Sec.) N50.118-.121.

Program revenues: Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses: The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term liabilities is an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting</u>: The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A - Major Funds

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund. For financial reporting purposes, the current year activity and year-end balances of the Special Reserve for Other than Capital Outlay Projects and Special Reserve for Postemployment Benefits Funds are included in the General Fund.

The Building Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for the accumulation and expenditure of resources used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities by the District.

The Capital Facilities Fund is a capital projects funds used to account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities by the District.

The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is a debt service fund used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

B - Other Funds

The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. This classification includes the Adult Education and Cafeteria Funds.

The Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Fund is a capital projects funds used to account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities by the District.

The Self-Insurance Fund is an internal service fund used to account for services rendered on a cost-reimbursement basis within the District. The Self-Insurance Fund is used to provide benefits to District employees.

The Trust Fund is a Fiduciary Fund for to account for assets held by the District as trustee. The District operates one Trust Fund, the Scholarship Fund, which is to provide financial assistance to students of the District.

The Agency Fund is a Fiduciary Fund for which the District acts as an agent. The District operates one Agency Fund, the Student Body Fund, which accounts for all cash activity and assets of the various student bodies of the District.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Accrual</u>: Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

<u>Modified Accrual</u>: The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term liabilities, if any, is recognized when due.

<u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>: By state law, the Board of Education must adopt a final budget by July 1. A public hearing is conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The Board of Trustees complied with these requirements.

Operating Revenues: Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the District's internal service fund, the Self-Insurance Fund. For the District, this include Insurance Premiums recorded on a cost-reimbursement basis from the District. All revenues not meeting this definition within the internal service fund are reported as nonoperating revenues.

<u>Receivables</u>: Receivables are made up primarily of amounts due from the State of California. The District has determined that no allowance for doubtful accounts was necessary as of June 30, 2019.

<u>Stores Inventory</u>: Inventory in the Cafeteria Fund consists mainly of consumable supplies held for future use and are valued at average cost. Inventories are recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are withdrawn for use in operations or meal production.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets purchased or acquired, with an original cost of \$5,000 or more, are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value for the contributed asset. Additions, improvements and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over 4 - 30 years depending on asset types.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods, and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has recognized a deferred loss on refunding, which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter life of the refunded or refunding debt. Additionally, the District has recognized deferred outflows of resources related to the recognition of the pension and OPEB liabilities reported in the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future periods and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has recognized a deferred inflow of resources related to the recognition of the net pension liability.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Pensions</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) and Public Employers Retirement Fund B (PERF B) and additions to/deductions from STRP's and PERF B's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRP and PERF B. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Certain investments are reported at fair value. The following is a summary of pension amounts in aggregate as of June 30, 2019:

	<u>STRP</u>	PERF B	<u>Total</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 21,668,644</u>	\$ 7,725,985	\$ 29,394,629
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 4,614,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 4,624,000
Net pension liability	\$ 65,222,000	\$ 25,202,000	\$ 90,424,000
Pension expense	\$ 15,561,431	\$ 6,112,787	\$ 21,674,218

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences benefits in the amount of \$224,608 are recorded as a liability as of June 30, 2019. The liability is for the earned but unused benefits.

<u>Accumulated Sick Leave</u>: Sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expenditure in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits for certain STRP and PERF B employees, when the employee retires.

<u>Encumbrances</u>: Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u>: Revenue from federal, state, and local special projects and programs is recognized when qualified expenditures have been incurred. Funds received but not earned are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

<u>Interfund Activity</u>: Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Property Taxes</u>: Secured property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Taxes are due in two installments on or before December 10 and April 10. Unsecured property taxes are due in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Santa Clara bills and collects taxes for the District. Tax revenues are recognized by the District when received.

Net Position: Net position is displayed in three components:

1 - Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent bond proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- 2 Restricted Net Position Restrictions of the ending net position indicate the portions of net position not appropriate for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. The restriction for legally restricted programs represents the portion of net position restricted to specific program expenditures. The restriction for capital projects represents the portion of net position restricted for capital projects. The restriction for debt service represents the portion of net position available for the retirement of debt. It is the District's policy to use restricted net position first when allowable expenditures are incurred.
- 3 Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

<u>Fund Balance Classifications</u>: Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Sections 1300 and 1800, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800) implements a five-tier fund balance classification hierarchy that depicts the extent to which a government is bound by spending constraints imposed on the use of its resources. The five classifications, discussed in more detail below, are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

A - Nonspendable Fund Balance:

The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form, such as revolving fund cash, prepaid expenditures and stores inventory.

B - Restricted Fund Balance:

The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. These are the same restrictions used to determine restricted net position as reported in the government-wide and fiduciary trust fund statements.

C - Committed Fund Balance:

The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Board of Trustees. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. Formal action by the Board of Trustees is required to remove any commitment from any fund balance. At June 30, 2019, the District had no committed fund balances.

D - Assigned Fund Balance:

The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the District's Board of Trustees has approved to be used for specific purposes, based on the District's intent related to those specific purposes. While the Board of Trustees has empowered members of management to suggest individual amounts to be assigned, as of June 30, 2019 no formal designation of assignment authority has occurred and the Board of Trustees retains ultimate authority for assigning fund balance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E - Unassigned Fund Balance:

In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

In any fund other than the General Fund, a positive unassigned fund balance is never reported because amounts in any other fund are assumed to have been assigned, at least, to the purpose of that fund. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

<u>Fund Balance Policy</u>: The District has an expenditure policy relating to fund balances. For purposes of fund balance classifications, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balances first, followed in order by committed fund balances (if any), assigned fund balances and lastly unassigned fund balances.

While GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do not require districts to establish a minimum fund balance policy or a stabilization arrangement, GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do require the disclosure of a minimum fund balance policy and stabilization arrangements, if they have been adopted by the Board of Trustees. At June 30, 2019, the District has not established a minimum fund balance policy nor has it established a stabilization arrangement.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

<u>Custodial Relationships</u>: The Agency Fund represents the assets and liabilities of various student organizations within the District. As the funds are custodial in nature, no measurement of operating results is involved.

<u>Eliminations and Reclassifications</u>: In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Fiduciary <u>Activities</u>
Pooled Funds: Cash in County Treasury Cash awaiting deposit	\$ 155,197,662 6,005	\$ - -
Deposits: Cash on hand and in banks Revolving cash fund	37,424 14,200	1,481,520 -
Cash with Fiscal Agent	48,525	
	<u>\$ 155,303,816</u>	<u>\$ 1,481,520</u>

<u>Pooled Funds</u>: In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the interest bearing Santa Clara County Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts based upon the District's prorata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

<u>Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk</u>: The District limits custodial credit risk by ensuring uninsured balances are collateralized by the respective financial institution. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institution. As of June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's accounts was \$1,533,144 and the bank balances totaled \$1,455,113. Bank balances were insured for \$250,000, and \$1,205,113 remained uninsured.

<u>Cash with Fiscal Agent</u>: Cash with Fiscal Agent in the Self-Insurance Fund represents cash balances held by various financial institutions for the payment of retentions and pre-funding of dental claims. The cash balances are fully collateralized at June 30, 2019.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits cash and investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At June 30, 2019, the District had no significant interest rate risk related to cash and investments held.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The District does not place limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2019, the District had no concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

<u>Interfund Activity</u>: Transactions between funds of the District are recorded as interfund transfers. The unpaid balances at year end, as a result of such transactions, are shown as due to and due from other funds.

<u>Interfund Receivables/Payables</u>: Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

		Interfund <u>Receivable</u>				
Major Fund: General	\$	252,620	\$	1,096		
Non-Major Funds: Adult Education Cafeteria	_	- 1,096	_	206,238 46,382		
	<u>\$</u>	253,716	\$	253,716		

<u>Transfers</u>: Transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended.

Transfers for the 2018-2019 fiscal year were as follows:

Transfer from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund to provide operational support.	\$ 318,618
Transfer from the Adult Education Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs support.	206,238
Transfer from the Building Fund to the Special Reserve for Capital Projects Fund for the allocation of interest.	 964,794
	\$ 1,489,650

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A schedule of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019 is shown below:

	Balance July 1, <u>2018</u>		Transfers and <u>Additions</u>		Transfers and <u>Deductions</u>			Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>
Non-depreciable:	_		_		_		_	
Land	\$	1,978,500	\$	-	\$	(005.040)	\$	1,978,500
Work-in-process		964,794		9,181,898		(385,849)		9,760,843
Depreciable: Improvement of sites		32,285,602		292,183				32,577,785
Buildings		122,464,898		93,667		-		122,558,565
Equipment		2,573,767		86,144		_		2,659,911
Equipmont	_	2,010,101	_	00,111	_		_	2,000,011
Totals, at cost	_	160,267,561		9,653,892		(385,849)	_	169,535,604
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Improvement of sites		(18,168,990)		(1,765,893)		-		(19,934,883)
Buildings		(38,765,030)		(3,859,371)		-		(42,624,401)
Equipment	_	(1,450,368)	_	(137,290)	_	-	_	(1,587,658)
Total accumulated								
depreciation		(58,384,388)		(5,762,554)			_	(64,146,942)
Capital assets, net	\$	101,883,173	\$	3,891,338	\$	(385,849)	\$	105,388,662

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 as follows:

Instruction	\$	4,519,793
Instructional library, media and technology		445,655
School site administration		125,130
Food services		144,381
Other pupil services		43,850
Ancillary services		382,813
Plant services		100,932
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,762,554</u>

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

<u>Certificates of Participation</u>: In October 2014, the District issued Refunding Certificates of Participation (2015 Refunding COPs) totaling \$2,855,000. The purpose of the 2015 Refunding COPs was to refund, on an advance basis, the District's outstanding 2003 Refunding Certificates of Participation and 2004 Certificates of Participation. The 2015 Refunding COPs mature through August 1, 2032 with an interest rate of 2.99% per annum.

The following is a summary of future Certificates of Participation payments:

Year Ending	Lease
June 30,	<u>Payments</u>
2020	\$ 155,606
2021	152,466
2022	154,252
2023	150,963
2024	152,599
2025-2029	759,176
2030-2033	610,058
Less amount representing interest	2,135,120 (390,120)
, .	\$ 1,745,000

General Obligation Bonds: In May 1997, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series C, totaling \$7,000,000 to finance the construction and acquisition of real property and improvements for the District. These serial bonds have interest rates ranging from 4.65% to 6.10% and mature in varying amounts through May 1, 2022.

In September 1999, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series D, totaling \$16,355,000 to finance the construction and acquisition of real property and improvements for the District. These serial bonds have interest rates ranging from 5.00% to 5.25% and mature in varying amounts through August 1, 2024.

In August 2010, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, 2010 Series A and B, totaling \$21,001,653 to provide funds for the repair, upgrade, acquisition, construction and equipping of various District properties. These capital appreciation bonds have interest rates ranging from 1.57% to 12.00% and mature through August 1, 2030.

In July 2012, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, 2010 Series C, totaling \$20,298,347 to provide funds for the repair, upgrade, acquisition, construction and equipping of various District properties. These capital appreciation bonds have interest rates ranging from 2.87% to 12.00% and mature through August 1, 2030.

In September 2012, the District issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, totaling \$19,130,000 to refund the 2004 Refunding Bonds. These bonds have interest rates ranging from 0.40% to 4.00% and mature in varying amounts through May 1, 2022.

In June 2018, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, 2018 Series A, totaling \$100,000,000 to provide funds for the repair, upgrade, acquisition, construction and equipping of various District properties. These capital appreciation bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.3% to 5.00% and mature through February 1, 2037.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The following is a summary of Bond activity for the year ended June 30, 2019:

		Balance July 1, <u>2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>
1997 Series C 1999 Series D 2010 Series A & B 2010 Series C 2012 Refunding 2018 Series A	\$	1,315,745 2,366,713 19,027,570 20,298,347 9,235,000	\$ - - - - - 100,000,000	\$ 308,910 432,047 268,961 244,490 2,015,000	\$ 1,006,835 1,934,666 18,758,609 20,053,857 7,220,000 100,000,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	52,243,375	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 3,269,408	\$ 148,973,967

The following is a summary of future bond payments:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ 17,971,308	\$ 6,021,712	\$ 23,993,020
2021	18,691,561	5,829,934	24,521,495
2022	8,447,781	5,520,683	13,968,464
2023	7,665,388	4,822,734	12,488,122
2024	3,261,567	4,060,377	7,321,944
2025-2029	23,718,657	31,516,101	55,234,758
2030-2034	42,977,705	17,083,542	60,061,247
2035-2037	 26,240,000	 1,917,050	 28,157,050
	\$ 148,973,967	\$ 76,772,133	\$ 225,746,100

<u>Schedule of changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>: A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

		Balance July 1, <u>2018</u>	Additions Deductions		Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>		Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>	
Debt: General Obligation Bonds Accreted interest Unamortized premiums Certificates of Participation	\$	52,243,375 21,929,086 600,152 1,845,000	\$ 100,000,000 3,173,993 7,102,293	\$	3,269,408 2,315,593 358,461 100,000	\$	148,973,967 22,787,486 7,343,984 1,745,000	\$ 17,971,308 2,343,692 - 105,000
Other Long-Term Liabilities: Other postemployment benefits (Note 6) Net pension liability (Notes 8 and 9) Compensated absences	_	3,149,478 87,120,000 221,481	221,966 3,304,000 3,127		- - -		3,371,444 90,424,000 224,608	- - -
Totals	\$	167,108,572	\$ 113,805,379	\$	6,043,462	\$	274,870,489	\$ 20,420,000

Payments on the General Obligation Bonds are made from the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. Payments on the Certificates of Participation are made from the Adult Education and Capital Facilities Funds. Payments on compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, and the net pension liability are made from the Fund for which the related employee worked.

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

General Information about the Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u>: In addition to the pension benefits described in Notes 8 and 9, the District provides healthcare benefits to eligible employees through the Retiree Employee's Healthcare Plan (REHP). REHP is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan which is administered by the District, and allows employees who retire after having achieved retirement eligibility requirements to continue receiving healthcare insurance coverage. The Board of Trustees has the authority to establish or amend the benefit terms offered by the REHP, and also retains the authority to establish the requirements for paying for the REHP's benefits as they come due. As of June 30, 2019 the District has not accumulated assets in a qualified trust for the purpose of paying the benefits related to the District's total OPEB liability.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: In accordance with contracts between the District and the respective employee groups, eligible employees are entitled to receive certain medical, dental, and vision benefits through the REHP. All employees must be eligible participants in the District-provided healthcare plans prior to retirement, in order to qualify for the postretirement benefits provided through the REHP.

Eligibility requirements and benefits vary depending on employee group, hire date, and years of service to the District:

Classified Employees: Classified employees and their dependents may receive benefits through REHP for up to 5, 7, or 10 years after retirement, depending on certain years of service and age limitations as described in the negotiated agreement between the California School Employees Association and the District. Classified employees must be eligible to retire under CalPERS to receive benefits through REHP at retirement. All benefits through REHP cease when the classified retiree reaches age 65 or becomes eligible for other available healthcare benefits, whichever comes first.

Certificated Employees: Certificated employees and their dependents who retire from the District having reached age 50 with at least 10 years of consecutive service to the District, and 10 years of cumulative STRS credit are eligible to receive benefits through REHP for up to 5 years, or until the certificated retiree reaches age 65, whichever comes first. As of June 30, 2019 there are currently no active or retiree employees eligible for benefits through the REHP.

<u>Employees Covered by Benefit Terms</u>: The following is a table of plan participants included in the actuarial valuation.

	Number of <u>Participants</u>
Inactive Plan members, covered spouses, or	
beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	13
Active employees	122
	<u> 135</u>

<u>Contributions</u>: California Government Code specifies that the District's contribution requirements for covered employees are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees. The District's premium rates being charged to these retirees are lower than the expected cost for a retiree population under age 65. Thus, an implicit subsidy exists as a result of this difference between the actual cost and the true retiree cost. Contributions to the REHP from the District were \$279,200 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Employees are not required to contribute to the REHP.

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, and apply to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

<u>Valuation Date</u> June 30, 2018

<u>Actuarial Method</u> Entry Age Method.

<u>Discount Rate</u> 3.50%, per the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index.

Inflation Rates 2.75%, consistent with the rate used for the purposes

of the pensions included in Notes 8 and 9.

<u>Salary Increases</u> 2.75% per year

Retirement/Termination Rates Retirement rates match rates developed in the most

recent experience studies for California PERS (2014)

and California STRS (2009)

Mortality Rates Mortality rates for classified employees were taken

from the 2014 CalPERS Active Mortality Rates for Miscellaneous Employees. Certificated mortality

rates were not considered significant.

Medical Costs for retiree coverage were estimated

based on the true per person costs of coverage during the year ended June 30, 2019. Certificated

medical costs were not considered significant.

 Retiree Type
 Under 65
 65 and Up

 Classified
 \$23.692
 \$11.847

Retirement and Turnover Rates Retirement rates are taken from the most recent

experience studies for CalPERS (2014).

<u>Healthcare Trend Rates</u> Healthcare costs are assumed to increase by 4.00%

in fiscal 2018 and future years.

Health Plan Coverage Elections 100% of eligible employees were assumed to

participate in the REHP.

Retirees with Spouses To the extent the information was not provided, 80%

of future retiree were assumed to be married. Female spouses were assumed to be three years younger

than male spouses.

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

<u>Discount Rate</u>: Given the District's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high quality municipal bond rate of 3.50%. The municipal bond rate was based on the week closest but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index as published by the Federal Reserve. The Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index consists of general obligation bonds which are scheduled mature in 20 years, with an average rating roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating or Standard & Poor's Corp.'s AA.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>
Balance at July 1, 2018	<u>\$ 3,149,478</u>
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Benefit payments Assumption Changes	408,107 112,488 (279,200) (19,429)
Net change	221,966
Balance at June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 3,371,444</u>

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the District, as well as what the District's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

		1%		Current		1%	
		Decrease (2.50%)		Discount Rate (3.50%)		Increase (4.50%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,427,536	\$	3,371,444	\$	3,164,974	

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:</u> The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the District, as well as what the District's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		1%	Hea	althcare Cost		1%
		Decrease	Trend Rates			Increase
		(3.00%)	Rate (4.00%)			<u>(5.00%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,112,663	\$	3,371,444	\$	3,415,508

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$520,595.

The District has elected to implement GASB 75 using the transition approach as described in paragraph 244 of the standard. Under this transition approach, prior valuations completed under GASB 45 are not reestimated under GASB 75. As a result, there are no reported deferred inflows or outflows in the first year of GASB 75 implementation.

NOTE 7 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances, by category, at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Genei Fund		Building Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Inte Red	Bond erest and demption Fund	1	All Non-Major Funds		Total
Nonspendable: Revolving cash fund Stores inventory Prepaid expenditures	-	3,700 0,219	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	500 8,399 -	\$	14,200 8,399 490,219
Subtotal nonspendable	50	3,91 <u>9</u>		 			_	8,899	_	512,818
Restricted: Unspent categorical revenues Special revenue Capital projects Debt service Subtotal restricted		7,989 	98,560,304 	3,682,300 - 3,682,300		- - - 5,619,047 5,619,047		3,963,639 827,401 - 4,791,040		837,989 3,963,639 103,070,005 25,619,047 133,490,680
Assigned: Postemployment benefits Instructional materials Operational Reserves	•	6,556 7,320 7,957	- - -	 - - -		- - -		- - -	_	4,906,556 1,147,320 10,267,957
Subtotal assigned	16,32	1,83 <u>3</u>		 			_		_	16,321,833
Unassigned: Designated for economic uncertainty	3,01	6 <u>,827</u>		 						3,016,827
Total fund balances	\$ 20,68	0,568	<u>\$ 98,560,304</u>	\$ 3,682,300	\$ 2	<u>5,619,047</u>	\$	4,799,939	\$	153,342,158

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN

General Information about the State Teachers' Retirement Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>: Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided with pensions through the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code Section 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature, established this plan and CalSTRS as the administrator. The benefit terms of the plans may be amended through legislation. CalSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.calstrs.com.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The STRP Defined Benefit Program has two benefit formulas:

- CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.
- CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.

The Defined Benefit (DB) Program provides retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. In addition, the retirement program provides benefits to members upon disability and to survivors/beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. There are several differences between the two benefit formulas which are noted below.

CalSTRS 2% at 60

CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.

CalSTRS calculates retirement benefits based on a one-year final compensation for members who retired on or after January 1, 2001, with 25 or more years of credited service, or for classroom teachers with less than 25 years of credited service if the employer elected to pay the additional benefit cost prior to January 1, 2014. One-year final compensation means a member's highest average annual compensation earnable for 12 consecutive months calculated by taking the creditable compensation that a member could earn in a school year while employed on a full time basis, for a position in which the person worked. For members with less than 25 years of credited service, final compensation is the highest average annual compensation earnable for any three consecutive years of credited service.

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

CaISTRS 2% at 62

CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

All CalSTRS 2% at 62 members have their final compensation based on their highest average annual compensation earnable for three consecutive years of credited service.

<u>Contributions</u>: Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

In June 2019, California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90) was signed into law and appropriated approximately \$2.2 billion in fiscal year 2018–19 from the state's General Fund as contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employers. The bill requires portions of the contribution to supplant the amounts remitted by employers such that the amounts remitted will be 1.03 and 0.70 percentage points less than the statutorily required amounts due for fiscal years 2019–20 and 2020–21, respectively. The remaining portion of the contribution is allocated to reduce the employers' share of the unfunded actuarial obligation of the Defined Benefit Program.

The employer contribution rates set in statute by the CalSTRS Funding Plan were not changed by the passage of SB 90. A summary of statutory contribution rates and other sources of contributions to the Defined Benefit Program are as follows:

Members - Under CalSTRS 2% at 60, the member contribution rate was 10.25 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2018-19. Under CalSTRS 2% at 62, members contribute 50 percent of the normal cost of their retirement plan, which resulted in a contribution rate of 10.205 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2018-19.

In general, member contributions cannot increase unless members are provided with some type of "comparable advantage" in exchange for such increases. Under previous law, the Legislature could reduce or eliminate the 2 percent annual increase to retirement benefits. As a result of AB 1469, effective July 1, 2014, the Legislature cannot reduce the 2 percent annual benefit adjustment for members who retire on or after January 1, 2014, and in exchange for this "comparable advantage," the member contribution rates have been increased by an amount that covers a portion of the cost of the 2 percent annual benefit adjustment.

Employers – 16.28 percent of applicable member earnings.

In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions will increase from 8.25 percent to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased in over seven years starting in 2014. The new legislation also gives the CalSTRS board limited authority to adjust employer contribution rates from July 1, 2021 through June 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation related to service credited to members prior to July 1, 2014. The CalSTRS board cannot adjust the rate by more than 1 percent in a fiscal year, and the total contribution rate in addition to the 8.25 percent cannot exceed 12 percent.

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The CalSTRS employer contribution rate increases effective for fiscal year 2018-19 through fiscal year 2045-46 are summarized in the table below:

Effective Date	Prior Rate	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Total</u>
July 01, 2018	8.25%	8.03%	16.28%
July 01, 2019	8.25%	9.88%	18.13%
July 01, 2020	8.25%	10.85%	19.10%
July 01, 2021 to			
June 30, 2046	8.25%	*	*
July 01, 2046	8.25%	Increase from prior rate ce	ases in 2046-47

^{*} The CalSTRS Board (the "Board") cannot adjust the employer rate by more than 1 percent in a fiscal year, and the increase to the contribution rate above the 8.25 percent base contribution rate cannot exceed 12 percent for a maximum of 20.25 percent.

The District contributed \$6,993,644 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

State - 9.828 percent of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year.

As a result of AB 1469, the additional state appropriation required to fully fund the benefits in effect as of 1990 by 2046 is specific in subdivision (b) of Education Code Section 22955.1. The increased contributions end as of fiscal year 2045-2046.

The state's base contribution to the Defined Benefit Program is calculated based on creditable compensation from two fiscal years prior. The state rate will increase to 5.811 percent on July 1, 2019, to continue paying down the unfunded liabilities associated with the benefits structure that was in place in 1990 prior to certain enhancements in benefits and reductions in contributions. Additionally, the enactment of SB 90 will result in future supplemental contributions to be made by the state to pay down its portion of the unfunded actuarial obligation of the Defined Benefit Program in fiscal years 2019–20 through 2022–23. The CalSTRS state contribution rates effective for fiscal year 2018-19 and beyond are summarized in the table below:

Effective Date	Base <u>Rate</u>	AB 1469 1990 Benefit <u>Structure</u>	Increase For SBMA <u>Funding(1)</u>	Total State Appropriation to DB Program
July 01, 2018	2.017%	5.311%	2.50%	9.828%
July 01, 2019	2.017%	5.811%(2)	2.50%	10.328%(3)
July 01, 2020- 2046	2.017%	(4)	2.50%	(4)
July 01, 2046				
and thereafter	2.017%	(5)	2.50%	4.517%(5)

⁽¹⁾ This rate does not include the \$72 million reduction in accordance with Education Code Section 22954.

⁽²⁾ In May 2019, the board of CalSTRS exercised its limited authority to increase the state contribution rate by 0.5 percent of the payroll effective July 1, 2019.

⁽³⁾ This rate does not include the \$2.2 billion supplemental state contribution on behalf of employers pursuant to SB 90.

⁽⁴⁾ The CalSTRS board has limited authority to adjust state contribution rates annually through June 30, 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation associated with the 1990 benefit structure. The board cannot increase the rate by more than 0.50 percent in a fiscal year, and if there is no unfunded actuarial obligation, the contribution rate imposed to pay for the 1990 benefit structure would be reduced to 0 percent

⁽⁵⁾ From July 1, 2046, and thereafter, the rates in effect prior to July 1, 2014, are reinstated, if necessary, to address any remaining 1990 unfunded actuarial obligation.

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 65,222,000
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	 37,343,000
Total	\$ 102,565,000

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school districts and the State. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.071 percent, which remains the same as it's proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$15,561,431 and revenue of \$6,763,539 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	202,000	\$	947,000
Changes of assumptions		10,132,000		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments		-		2,511,000
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		4,341,000		1,156,000
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		6,993,644		
Total	\$	21,668,644	\$	4,614,000

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

\$6,993,644 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ 3,184,483
2021	\$ 2,243,484
2022	\$ 531,983
2023	\$ 1,552,650
2024	\$ 2,518,400
2025	\$ 30,000

Differences between expected and actual experience are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 7 years as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

Actuarial methods and assumptions: The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Experience Study	July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Wage Growth	3.50%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% simple for DB
	Not applicable for DBS/CBB

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the CalSTRS board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term* Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	47%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12	0.30
Real Estate	13	5.20
Private Equity	13	9.30
Absolute Return / Risk		
Mitigating Strategies	9	2.90
Inflation Sensitive	4	3.80
Cash / Liquidity	2	(1.00)

^{* 20-}year geometric average

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increase per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	<u>(6.10%)</u>	Rate (7.10%)	<u>(8.10%)</u>
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 95,543,000	\$ 65,222,000	\$ 40,084,000

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 9 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B

General Information about the Public Employer's Retirement Fund B

<u>Plan Description</u>: The schools cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (PERF B) is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Plan membership consists of non-teaching and non-certified employees of public schools (K-12), community college districts, offices of education, charter and private schools (elective) in the State of California.

The Plan was established to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to non-teaching and noncertified employees in schools. The benefit provisions for Plan employees are established by statute. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at:

https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/cafr-2018.pdf.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The benefits for the defined benefit plans are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years (10 years for State Second Tier members) of credited service.

<u>Contributions</u>: The benefits for the defined benefit pension plans are funded by contributions from members and employers, and earnings from investments. Member and employer contributions are a percentage of applicable member compensation. Member contribution rates are defined by law and depend on the respective employer's benefit formulas. Employer contribution rates are determined by periodic actuarial valuations or by state statute. Actuarial valuations are based on the benefit formulas and employee groups of each employer. Employer contributions, including lump sum contributions made when agencies first join the PERF B, are credited with a market value adjustment in determining contribution rates.

The required contribution rates of most active plan members are based on a percentage of salary in excess of a base compensation amount ranging from zero dollars to \$863 monthly.

Required contribution rates for active plan members and employers as a percentage of payroll for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Members - The member contribution rate was 6.50 or 7.50 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2018-19.

Employers - The employer contribution rate was 18.062 percent of applicable member earnings.

The District contributed \$2,362,985 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$25,202,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school Districts. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.091 percent, which remains the same as it's proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 9 – NET PENSION LIABILITY – PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,112,787. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	1,652,000	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		2,516,000		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments		207,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		988,000		10,000
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		2,362,985		
Total	\$	7,725,985	\$	10,000

\$2,362,985 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ 3,019,917
2021	\$ 2,365,917
2022	\$ 115,917
2023	\$ (148,751)

Differences between expected and actual experience, change in proportion and changes in assumptions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 4 years as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

NOTE 9 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The total pension liability for the Plan was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date
Experience Study
Actuarial Cost Method
Investment Rate of Return
Consumer Price Inflation
Wage Growth
Post-retirement Benefit Increases

June 30, 2017 July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015 Entry age normal 7.15% 2.50% Varies by entry age and service

2.00% until Purchasing Power
Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing
Power applies 2.50% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found at CalPERS' website.

During the 2016-17 measurement period, the financial reporting discount rate for PERF B was lowered from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Asset Class	Long-Term* Assumed Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Expected Rate of F	
Global Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28	1.00	2.62
Inflation Assets	<u>-</u>	0.77	1.81
Private Equity	8	6.30	7.23
Real Estate	13	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1	-	(0.92)

^{* 10-}year geometric average

⁽¹⁾ An expected inflation rate of 2.00% used for this period.

⁽²⁾ An expected inflation rate of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 9 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Plan. The results of the crossover testing for the Plan are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected cash flows of the Plan. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the Plan's asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease (<u>6.15%)</u>	Current Discount Rate (7.15%)	1% Increase (8.15%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$</u>	36,693,000	\$ 25,202,000	\$ 15,669,000

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 10 - JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member, with other school districts, in six joint power agencies, South Bay Area Schools Insurance Authority (SBASIA), Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group (SCCSIG), Santa Clara Valley Transportation Agency (SCVTA), Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF), Community Health Awareness Council (CHAC) and Shoreline Regional Park Community Fund (SRPCF).

The following is a brief description of each agency.

South Bay Area Schools Insurance Authority (SBASIA): SBASIA arranges for and provides property and liability insurance for its members. The membership includes school districts in Santa Clara County and the County Office of Education. SBASIA is governed by an Executive Board consisting of representatives from member districts. The Executive Board controls the operations of SBASIA, including selections of management and approval of operating budgets. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

The following is a summary of financial information for South Bay Area Schools Insurance Authority at June 30, 2018 (the latest information available):

Total assets	\$ 5,582,088
Total liabilities	\$ 4,122,429
Total net position	\$ 1,459,659
Total revenues	\$ 3,887,880
Total expenses	\$ 4,674,775

Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group (SCCSIG): SCCSIG arranges for and provides workers' compensation, property and liability, and employee benefit insurance for its members. The membership includes school districts in Santa Clara County and the County Office of Education. SCCSIG is governed by an Executive Board consisting of representatives from member districts. The Executive Board controls the operations of SCCSIG, including selections of management and approval of operating budgets. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

The following is a summary of the financial information for SCCSIG at June 30, 2018 (the latest information available):

Total assets	\$ 24,015,833
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 222,165
Total liabilities	\$ 8,779,268
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 43,636
Total net position	\$ 15,415,094
Total revenues	\$ 36,447,452
Total expenses	\$ 36,420,341

NOTE 10 - JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES (Continued)

<u>Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority (SCVTA)</u>: SCVTA provides transportation for special education students for its members. The membership includes various school districts in the county. SCVTA is governed by an Executive Board consisting of representatives from member districts. The Executive Board controls the operations of SCVTA, including selections of management and approval of operating budgets.

The following is a summary of the financial information for SVJPTA at June 30, 2018 (the latest information available) (in thousands):

\$ 6,597,479
\$ 162,463
\$ 1,912,543
\$ 14,958
\$ 4,832,441
\$ 817,595
\$ 262,412
\$ \$ \$ \$

<u>Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF)</u>: The District is a member with other school districts of a Joint Powers Authority, Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF), for the operation of a common risk management and insurance program for excess property and liability coverage. SELF is governed by a Governing Board consisting of representatives from member districts. The Board controls the operations of SELF, including selections of management and approval of operating budgets. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

The following is a summary of the financial information for SELF at June 30, 2018:

Total assets	\$ 118,692,006
Total liabilities	\$ 101,064,545
Total net position	\$ 17,627,461
Total revenues	\$ 15,368,115
Total expenses	\$ 19,699,829

<u>Community Health Awareness Council (CHAC)</u>: CHAC provides treatment services and prevention and intervention counseling services concentrating on positive alternatives to health abuse and self-destructive behaviors for its members.

The following is a summary of the financial information for CHAC at June 30, 2018 (the latest information available):

Total assets	\$ 4,907,500
Total liabilities	\$ 182,038
Total net position	\$ 4,725,462
Total revenues	\$ 891,727
Total expenses	\$ 3,617,217

NOTE 10 - JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES (Continued)

<u>Shoreline Regional Park Community Fund</u>: Shoreline Regional Park Community Fund (SRPCF) provides services to enhance the technology education of the students as reflection of the technological nature and economic base of the Community.

The following is a summary of the financial information for SRPCF at June 30, 2018 (the latest information available) (in thousands):

Total assets	\$ 41,087
Total liabilities	\$ 3,970
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 14,958
Total net position	\$ 22,159
Total revenues	\$ 59,829
Total expenditures	\$ 24,070

The relationship between the District and the Joint Powers Agencies is such that the Joint Powers Agencies are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

The District has received federal and state funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is management's opinion that any required reimbursements or future revenue offsets subsequently determined will not have a material effect on the District's financial statements or results of operations.

At June 30, 2019, the District had commitments for construction projects totaling approximately \$18.1 million.



MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Bu	<u>dget</u>		Variance
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Favorable (<u>Unfavorable)</u>
Revenues: Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF):				
State apportionment Local sources	\$ 3,810,342 <u>77,149,214</u>	\$ 3,800,922 <u>77,510,405</u>	\$ 3,823,748 	\$ 22,826 (78,171)
Total LCFF	80,959,556	81,311,327	81,255,982	(55,345)
Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	1,221,502 5,806,724 5,344,509	1,403,861 5,394,480 6,130,983	1,363,174 9,031,274 6,900,310	(40,687) 3,636,794 769,327
Total revenues	93,332,291	94,240,651	98,550,740	4,365,434
Expenditures: Current:				
Current. Certificated salaries Classified salaries Employee benefits Books and supplies Contract services and operating	39,494,804 12,576,922 21,929,880 6,276,214	42,880,809 14,012,301 24,497,392 6,106,660	42,519,798 13,754,660 27,295,681 2,844,327	361,011 257,641 (2,798,289) 3,262,333
expenditures Other outgo Capital outlay	8,725,032 342,885 720,324	11,721,899 372,395 745,716	11,170,574 34,155 2,571,465	551,325 338,240 (1,825,749)
Total expenditures	90,066,061	100,337,172	100,190,660	146,512
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,266,230	(6,096,521)	(1,639,920)	4,456,601
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	653,154 (310,269)	591,951 (219,556)	206,238 (318,618)	(385,713) (99,062)
Total other financing sources (uses)	342,885	372,395	(112,380)	(484,775)
Net change in fund balance	3,609,115	(5,724,126)	(1,752,300)	3,971,826
Fund balance, July 1, 2018	22,432,868	22,432,868	22,432,868	
Fund balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 26,041,983	<u>\$ 16,708,742</u>	\$ 20,680,568	\$ 3,971,826

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OTHER POST EMPLOYEMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Takal ODED Kalakika		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest Change in assumptions Benefit payments	\$	397,184 112,743 - (268,462)	\$ 408,107 112,488 (19,429) (279,200)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		241,465	221,966	
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year		2,908,013	 3,149,478	
Total OPEB liability, end of year (a)	\$	3,149,478	\$ 3,371,444	
Covered employee payroll	\$	8,123,000	\$ 8,299,871	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payro	oll	38.77%	40.62%	

This is a 10 year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retrospectively. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year end that occurred one year prior. All years prior to 2018 are not available.

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years									
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>				
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.060%	0.068%	0.069%	0.071%	0.071%				
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 35,233,000	\$ 45,930,000	\$ 55,455,000	\$ 65,305,000	\$ 65,222,000				
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	24,511,000	24,292,000	31,573,000	38,634,000	37,343,000				
Total net pension liability	\$ 59,744,000	\$ 70,222,000	\$ 87,028,000	\$103,939,000	\$102,565,000				
District's covered payroll	\$ 26,855,000	\$ 31,665,000	\$ 34,170,000	\$ 37,426,000	\$ 37,776,000				
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	131.20%	145.05%	162.29%	174.49%	172.65%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	70 500/	74.000/	70.000/	00.400/	70.000/				

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

74.02%

70.00%

69.46%

70.99%

76.52%

All years prior to 2015 are not available.

pension liability

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Public Employer's Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years										
		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.088%		0.083%		0.086%		0.091%		0.091%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	10,030,000	\$	12,308,000	\$	16,931,000	\$	21,815,000	\$	25,202,000
District's covered payroll	\$	9,274,000	\$	9,244,000	\$	10,285,000	\$	11,651,000	\$	12,468,000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage o its covered payroll	f	108.15%		133.15%		164.62%		187.24%		202.13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total										

79.43%

73.89%

71.87%

70.85%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

83.38%

All years prior to 2015 are not available.

pension liability

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

		<u>2015</u>	<u>15</u> <u>2016</u> <u>2017</u> <u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,811,870	\$	3,666,492	\$ 4,708,152	\$ 5,451,077	\$ 6,993,644
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(2,811,870)	_	(3,666,492)	 (4,708,152)	 (5,451,077)	(6,993,644)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$	31,665,000	\$	34,170,000	\$ 37,426,000	\$ 37,776,000	\$ 42,959,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.88%		10.73%	12.58%	14.43%	16.28%

All years prior to 2015 are not available.

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Public Employer's Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,088,108	\$	1,218,452	\$	1,618,267	\$ 1,935,986	\$ 2,362,985
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (1,088,108)	_	(1,218,452)	_	(1,618,267)	 (1,935,986)	 (2,362,985)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 9,244,000	\$	10,285,000	\$	11,651,000	\$ 12,468,000	\$ 13,083,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.77%		11.85%		13.89%	15.53%	18.06%

All years prior to 2015 are not available.

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A - Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Trustees to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

B - Schedule of Changes in the District's Total of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

The Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability is presented to illustrate the elements of the District's total OPEB liability. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available. The District has not accumulated assets in a qualified trust for the purpose of paying the benefits related to the District's total OPEB liability.

C - Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

The Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability is presented to illustrate the elements of the District's Net Pension Liability. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

D – Schedule of the District's Contributions

The Schedule of the District's Contributions is presented to illustrate the District's required contributions relating to the pensions. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

E – Changes of Benefit Terms

There are no changes in benefit terms reported in the Required Supplementary Information.

F - Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate used for the total OPEB liability was 2.85 and 3.58 percent in the June 30, 2017 and 2018 actuarial reports, respectively.

The discount rate for Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (PERF B) was 7.50, 7.65, 7.65, and 7.15 percent in the June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, and 2016 actuarial reports, respectively.

The following are the assumptions for the State Teachers' Retirement Plan:

	<u>Measurement Period</u>				
	As of June 30,	As of June 30,			
<u>Assumption</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
Consumer price inflation	2.75%	3.00%	3.00%		
Investment rate of return	7.10%	7.60%	7.60%		
Wage growth	3.50%	3.75%	3.75%		



MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Adult Education <u>Fund</u>	Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Fund	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and investments: Cash in County Treasury Cash awaiting deposit Cash on hand and in banks Revolving cash fund Prepaid expenditures Due from other funds Receivables Stores inventory Total assets	\$ 3,657,833 200 27,424 500 - - 659,615 - \$ 4,345,572	\$ 25,515 697 - - - 1,096 41,533 8,399 \$ 77,240	\$ 822,093 - - - - - 5,308 - \$ 827,401	\$ 4,505,441 897 27,424 500 - 1,096 706,456 8,399 \$ 5,250,213
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 176,796 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 19,533 1,325 46,382 67,240	\$ - - - -	\$ 196,329 1,325 252,620 450,274
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted	500 3,962,038	8,399 1,601	- <u>827,401</u>	8,899 <u>4,791,040</u>
Total fund balances	3,962,538	10,000	827,401	4,799,939
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 4,345,572</u>	\$ 77,240	<u>\$ 827,401</u>	\$ 5,250,213

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Adult Education <u>Fund</u>	Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Special Reserve for Capital Outlay <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues: Federal sources	\$ 215,735	\$ 237,664	\$ -	\$ 453,399
Other state sources	3,866,066	50,529	Ψ -	3,916,595
Other local sources	1,135,132	498,943	19,787	1,653,862
Total revenues	5,216,933	<u>787,136</u>	19,787	6,023,856
Expenditures: Current:				
Certificated salaries	2,012,244	-	-	2,012,244
Classified salaries	869,638	537,256	-	1,406,894
Employee benefits	1,313,407	210,679	-	1,524,086
Books and supplies Contract services and	164,112	434,615	45,800	644,527
operating expenditures	337,549	27,582	157,983	523,114
Total expenditures	4,696,950	1,210,132	203,783	6,110,865
(Deficiency) excess of revenues (under) over expenditures	<u>519,983</u>	<u>(422,996</u>)	(183,996)	<u>(87,009</u>)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	318,618	-	318,618
Transfers out	(206,238)			(206,238)
Total for other financing (uses) sources	(206,238)	318,618	<u>-</u>	112,380
Net change in fund balances	313,745	(104,378)	(183,996)	25,371
Fund balances, July 1, 2018	3,648,793	114,378	1,011,397	4,774,568
Fund balances, June 30, 2019	\$ 3,962,538	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 827,401</u>	<u>\$ 4,799,939</u>

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Balance July 1, <u>2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>
Student Body Accounts				
Los Altos High School				
Assets: Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 632,047	<u>\$ 1,326,223</u>	<u>\$ 1,224,091</u>	<u>\$ 734,179</u>
Liabilities: Due to student groups	\$ 632,047	<u>\$ 1,326,223</u>	<u>\$ 1,224,091</u>	<u>\$ 734,179</u>
Mountain View High School				
Assets: Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 389,136	\$ 2,673,512	\$ 2,332,040	\$ 730,608
Liabilities: Due to student groups	\$ 389,136	<u>\$ 2,673,512</u>	\$ 2,332,040	\$ 730,608
Total Agency Fund				
Assets: Cash on hand and in banks	<u>\$ 1,021,183</u>	\$ 3,999,735	\$ 3,556,131	<u>\$ 1,464,787</u>
Liabilities: Due to student groups	<u>\$ 1,021,183</u>	\$ 3,999,735	\$ 3,556,131	<u>\$ 1,464,787</u>

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT ORGANIZATION June 30, 2019

Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District is located in northern Santa Clara County and includes the City of Mountain View, the City of Los Altos and the City of Los Altos Hills, with a total area of approximately thirty-seven square miles. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the year. The District operates three schools, Los Altos High School, Mountain View High School, and Alta Vista High School. In addition, the District provides a variety of adult education courses.

GOVERNING BOARD

<u>Name</u>	<u>Office</u>	Term Expires
Dr. Phil Faillace	President	December 2020
Sanjay Dave	Vice President	December 2020
Debbie Torok	Clerk	December 2023
Fiona Walter	Member	December 2023
Catherine Vonnegut	Member	December 2023

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Nellie Meyer, Ed. Superintendent

Margarita Navarro
Associate Superintendent - Educational Services

Leyla Benson Associate Superintendent - Human Resources

Mike Mathiesen
Associate Superintendent - Business Services and Technology

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Second Period <u>Report</u>	Annual <u>Report</u>
Certificate Number	928CA386	EAB7A841
Secondary: Ninth through Twelfth Special Education Continuation Education	4,112 29 <u>73</u>	4,091 30 73
	4,214	4,194

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Grade Level</u>	Statutory Minutes Require- <u>ment</u>	2018-19 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	Number of Days Traditional <u>Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
Grade 9	64,800	72,570	180	In Compliance
Grade 10	64,800	72,570	180	In Compliance
Grade 11	64,800	72,570	180	In Compliance
Grade 12	64,800	72,570	180	In Compliance

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Catalog Number U.S. Department of E	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through <u>Grantor/Program or Cluster Title</u> of Education - Passed Through the California ducation	Pass- Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Federal Expend- <u>itures</u>
84.002A 84.002	Adult Education Programs: Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ESL Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education (Section 231) Subtotal Adult Education Programs	14508 13978	\$ 187,782 18,700 206,482
84.027 84.027A	Special Education Cluster: Special Ed: IDEA Basic Local Assistance, Part B Special Ed: Mental Health Average Daily Attendance Allocation Plan, Part B, Sec 611	13379 15003	725,169 61,984
84.048 84.048	Subtotal Special Education Cluster Vocational Education Programs: Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Secondary, Section 131 Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Adult, Section 132	13924 13923	787,153 69,859 9,253
84.010 84.126 84.365 84.367	Subtotal Vocational Education Programs ESEA: Title I Part A Basic Aid Dept. of Rehab: Workability II, Transitions Partnership ESEA: Title III, English Learner Student Program ESEA: Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality	14329 10006 14346	79,112 267,322 155,918 31,998
U.S. Department of E	Local Grants Total U.S. Department of Education of Agriculture - Passed Through the California ducation	14341	
10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster: Child Nutrition: School Lunch Program Total Federal Programs	13391	237,664 \$ 1,816,573

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT RECONCILIATION OF UNAUDITED ACTUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

There were no adjustments proposed to any funds of the District.

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund	(Budgeted) <u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Revenues and other financing sources	\$ 98,892,294	\$ 98,756,978	\$ 90,143,410	\$ 82,663,316
Expenditures Other uses and transfers out	96,834,486 400,000	100,190,660 318,618	85,382,465 350,000	78,945,669 335,000
Total outgo	\$ 97,234,486	\$ 100,509,278	\$ 85,732,465	\$ 79,280,669
Change in fund balance	<u>\$ 1,657,808</u>	<u>\$ (1,752,300)</u>	\$ 4,410,945	\$ 3,382,647
Ending fund balance	\$ 22,338,376	\$ 20,680,568	\$ 22,432,868	<u>\$ 18,021,823</u>
Available reserves	\$ 2,918,497	\$ 3,016,827	<u>\$ 13,865,965</u>	\$ 9,480,760
Designated for economic uncertainties	\$ 2,918,497	<u>\$ 3,016,827</u>	<u>\$ 2,667,789</u>	\$ 2,430,077
Undesignated fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 11,198,176</u>	\$ 7,050,683
Available reserves as percentages of total outgo	3.0%	3.0%	16.2%	12.0%
Total Funds				
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 254,450,489</u>	<u>\$ 274,870,489</u>	<u>\$ 167,108,572</u>	<u>\$ 153,626,440</u>
Average daily attendance at P-2	4,203	4,214	4,101	3,945

The General Fund fund balance has increased by \$6,041,292 over the past three fiscal years. The District projects an increase of \$1,657,808 for the year ending June 30, 2019. For a district this size, the State of California recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses be maintained. The District has met this requirement.

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years, and anticipates an operating surplus during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$121,244,049 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 269 over the past two years. A decrease of 11 ADA is anticipated during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Included in District
Financial Statements, or
Separate Report

Charter Schools Chartered by District

There are currently no charter schools in the District.

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A - Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

B - Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District neither met nor exceeded its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District, and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206.

C - Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards includes the federal award activity of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed un the Uniform Guidance.

D - Reconciliation of Unaudited Actual Financial Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

E - Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis - Unaudited

This schedule provides trend information on the District's financial condition over the past three years and its anticipated condition for the 2019-2020 fiscal year, as required by the State Controller's Office.

F - Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule provides information for the California Department of Education to monitor financial reporting by Charter Schools.

NOTE 2 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM

Education Code Section 14502 requires certain disclosures in the financial statements of districts which adopt Early Retirement Incentive Programs pursuant to Education Code Sections 22714 and 44929. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District did not adopt this program.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Board of Trustees Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District Mountain View, California

Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

We have audited Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the State of California's 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (the "Audit Guide") applicable to the state laws and regulations listed below for the year ended June 30, 2019:

<u>Description</u>	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	No, see below
Independent Study	No, see below
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, see below
Middle or Early College High Schools	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	No, see below
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No, see below
After/Before School Education and Safety Program:	
General requirements	No, see below
After school	No, see below
Before school	No, see below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No, see below
Attendance, for charter schools	No, see below
Mode of Instruction, for charter schools	No, see below
NonclassroomBased Instruction/Independent Study,	
for charter schools	No, see below
Determination of Funding for NonclassroomBased	
Instruction, for charter schools	No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes ClassroomBased,	NI.
for charter schools	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

The District does not operate elementary schools; therefore, we did not perform any testing of Kindergarten Continuance or K-3 Grade Span Adjustment.

The District's reported ADA for Independent Study was below the materiality level that requires testing; therefore, we did not perform any testing of Independent Study.

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to this program.

The District is not a County Office of Education; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Juvenile Court Schools.

The District did not report any attendance hours for Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction.

The District is not included on the District of Choice listing provided by the CDE for Fiscal year 2019; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to this program.

The District did not have expenditures or adjustments to the plan in the current audit year; therefore we did not perform any procedures related to the California Clean Energy Jobs Act.

The District did not receive any funds from the After School Education and Safety Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the After School Education and Safety Program.

The District did not report any ADA for Independent Study-Course Based programs; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Independent Study-Course Based.

The District does not have any Charter Schools; therefore, we did not perform any of the testing required by Article 4 of the Audit Guide.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of state laws and regulations, as listed above.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's compliance with state laws and regulations as listed above based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (Audit Guide). Those standards and the Audit Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations listed above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's compliance.

Opinion with State Laws and Regulations

In our opinion, Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 9, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District Mountain View, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's basic financial statements. and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 9, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District Mountain View, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statues, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 9, 2019



MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Yes <u>X</u> No Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? ____ Yes X None reported Noncompliance material to financial statements ____ Yes noted? X No **FEDERAL AWARDS** Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? X No Yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered X _ None reported to be material weakness(es)? Yes Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)? _____ Yes X No Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 84.027, 84.027A Special Education Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: 750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes ____ No **STATE AWARDS** Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs: Unmodified

(Continued)

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2019

	SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS			
No matters were reported.				
Two matters were reported.				

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

lo matters were reported.		

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Finding/Recommendation

Current Status

District Explanation If Not Implemented

No matters were reported.